

THE MONITOR NEWS

VOL. 1

MONITOR, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 23rd, 1916

NO. 30

The Pioneer Store Guessing Contest

IS NOW ON. GET A GUESS WITH
EVERY DOLLAR PURCHASE.

FIRST PRIZE:

A Dinner Set or a
Gent's Hat and Pair of Shoes

SECOND PRIZE:

A Pair of Boots, any sort.

THIRD PRIZE:

Pair of Overalls or a
Ladies House Dress worth \$1.50.

These prizes are not goods given
away as premiums, but are genuine
goods.

BREAD FOR SALE.

GUARANTEED FRESH
MON Y BACK IF NOT SATISFIED

ALL LADIES HATS
SELLING AT COST

HOW TO GUESS.

A Ball of twine is sealed and on show at the
Pioneer Store. The first person guessing the
nearest amount of yards and inches in this ball
wins the Prize.

WE LEAD, WE NEVER FOLLOW.

A. J. Deadmarsh

The Pioneer Merchant

Col. J. R. Whitney has been
about town some this week.
He is getting together another
load of cattle for the market.

The Ladies Aid met at the
home of Mrs. Duncan on Wed-
nesday. The ladies enjoyed the
drive out and back from the
farm.

Miss Mabel Radel returned
home on Wednesday, after
spending several weeks with
relatives south of Consort.

Bill Gehrke was a passenger
on Wednesday's train from
Stettler.

BORN.—On Wednesday, June
21st, to Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Crisp
a son. Nurse Cramer was in
attendance.

There is much excitement and
strenuous work amongst the
advanced pupils of the public
schools and the pupils of the
high schools of Alberta this
week, for it is the week of the
departmental examinations.

It is a time of testing what
use they have made of their
school opportunities during the
year. We wish them all success.
Two scholars from Monitor
school, Mabel Beamer and Ches-
ter Duncan, and three from
Ione, Gale, Florence and Leila
Anderson are writing in Con-
sort. Next year we hope ar-
rangements may be made to
hold the examinations in Mon-
itor for the convenience of all
those in the Monitor district.

The Kingston Comedy Co.,
gave a pleasing entertainment
last night. They will be here
again tomorrow night, Saturday
with an entire change of bill.

Issue of Peace or War between
Mexico and U. S. is in the balance.

Washington, June 20.—The
issue of war or peace with Mex-
ico hung in the balance tonight
awaiting General Carranza's de-
cision as to the course he will
pursue. Officials here believed
that 48 hours might bring a
clear understanding of what the
immediate future has in store.

A note, signed by Secretary
of State Lansing, conveying Pres-
ident Wilson's rejection of the
demand for withdrawal of the
United States soldiers from Mex-
ico, accompanied by a specific
warning that an attack on the
troops "will lead to the gravest
consequences," was telegraphed
to Mexico City today by Eliseo
Arredondo, Mexican ambas-
ador-designate.

June 23. The first clash in
Mexico between Carranza men
and U.S. troops occurred today,
when 40 U.S. soldiers were kil-
ed, mostly mounted men.

LOST.

1 spur, crook neck, diamonds, hearts
and clubs engraved on spur. Return
to News office. REWARD \$2.50.
W. MOOREHEAD.

LOST

On Friday, June 16th, a Gentleman's
Raincoat on trail between Monitor and
G. Earls place, on south trail.
Finder please return to A. Wilson or
Monitor News.

ESTRAY.—On the premises of K. G.
Wiles, 1 black mare with colt at side.
No brands.
One red and white steer, branded
SS on left ribs. S. half 84-34-4.

ESTRAY.—At my homestead one 2
year old brown filly, about 800 lbs. two
white hind feet, no brands. Owner can
have same by proving property and
paying for this notice.
A. L. TODD, N.W. 20-35-4.

ESTRAY.—On the premises of Neil
Mitchell, Sec. 7-35-2 w. 4th. Kirriemuir
P.O. 1 bay gelding, white face, brand-
ed T 6 on right shoulder.
1 dark bay mare, branded T 6 on
right shoulder.

SECOND HAND PIANO FOR SALE.

A 1 condition. Will sell for cash
or on good terms. Write, box
8, Monitor News.

Dr. J. A. JARDINE,
M.D., C.M.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
MONITOR, ALTA.

Money to Loan
On improved farms.
Insurance of all kinds.

W. S. McCULLOCH,
MONITOR ALTA.

HAIL INSURANCE

Mecklenburg Optician.

Dr. M. MECKLENBURG, the old
reliable graduate optician, who
has had 32 years experience, 12
years in Alberta, will again be
in MONITOR, JUNE 24.
CONSORT, JUNE 23.

CONSULT HIM HERE
Edmonton office -208, Williamson Bldg.
Phone 5225.

No agents.—Beware of impostors.

Dr. R. SARGENT,
DENTIST
PROVOST, ALTA.

In Monitor the 2nd. and 4th.
Fridays of each month.

JUNE 1st. to OCTOBER 31st.

Town Council

REEVE
H. T. Egedahl
COUNCILLORS
E. B. Purdy W. H. Olson
W. S. McCulloch, Sec. Treas.

Board of Trade

W. S. McCulloch, Pres. J. Hayes, Sec

CHURCH of ENGLAND.

REV. W. S. WICKENDEN, B.A., L. TH
PASTOR
Services on Sunday June 11th, at 11 a m

United Lutheran Church

REV. H. T. EGEDALH, M.A.
PASTOR
Services on Sunday, July 9th, in
Butte Church, at 11 a.m.

Sunday Services

Sunday, June 25th.
Horse Shoe.....11 a.m.
Creek Valley.....3 p.m.
Monitor.....7.30 p.m.
Monitor Sunday School. 12 a.m
REV. J. L. WRIGHT

W. G. MacKENZIE

Barrister, Solicitor Notary Public
Money to Loan
MONITOR ALBERTA

Notary Public Conveyancing
W. S. McCULLOCH
Real Estate Insurance
Money to Loan
Monitor, Alberta

L. O. L. No. 2553

Meets on the second Tuesday in each
month. Visiting brethren always wel-
come.
MACK MACDONALD. H. McMorris,
W. M. R. S.

Transient Ads.

LOST.

One Bay Mare, weight about 1,000 lbs
white star on forehead, branded W on
left hip, may be with foal.

Black Gelding, weight between 1900
and 1400 lbs., no brand, with halter on
Any information as to the whereabouts
of these will be thankfully received.

WESLEY UDELL,
Merryland P. O.
Alberta.

FOR SALE

One team of oxen. Reasonable price
for cash.
J. W. HORNBER, S.E. 24-35-4.

FOR SALE

Twenty four head of good work horses
HALF CASH.
W. F. MOOREHEAD, 18-30-3
Monitor

WANTED

Two or three good work oxen. Must
be cheap for cash.
CARL WHITE, Sec. 13-34-4.
Monitor P.O.

Mrs. Walter Cramer

PRACTICAL
Maternity Nurse
Monitor (N. E. 1-4 32-34-5) Alberta

"PAY RO" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

LADY URSULA'S HUSBAND

FLORENCE WARDEN
Word, Luck & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)

"Then I vote we agree on one condition," said Gane, as he took out a sheet of paper from a little leatherette writing-case on the table, and proceeded to draw up what he called a "contract." It was quite clearly written, and, with the spelling a little amended, it was as follows:

"I agree to pay to Brady Grane and to William Evans, within one month from this date, the sum of five thousand pounds apiece, or to hand over to them within that period jewellery to that selling value, in consideration of their allowing him to retain the whole of the jewellery as follows" (here followed a complete list of the various articles) at present equally the property of myself and the said Brady Grane and William Evans.

He read this over carefully, showed it to Evans, and then pushed it across the table to Paul.

"Now sign that," said he briefly.

Paul read it over carefully, signed it and rose with a smile.

"Right you are," said he. "Within four weeks you shall be reimbursed. In the meantime we'll each go our own way. We meet in London, the old place, this day month."

He was out of the room and away very quickly, and the two other rogues were left together.

Evans was downcast.

"Do you suppose he'll hold to his bargain?" said Gane.

"Don't you see," said Gane confidently, "that what he's bound to pay up is a sight more than we should get out of our share of the Vienna lot?"

"But shall we get it?"

"If we don't," said Gane in a greasy whisper, "we can show this paper to his fine lady wife, and out goes my lord like a rocket what's been fired."

Evans still looked dismal.

"I tell you we've got him by the neck," persisted the author of the "contract" emphatically.

Evans wagged his head warningly.

"He's a shrewd fellow," said he.

CHAPTER IX

Paris detained the newly-married pair but a very short time, for Paul was tired of it, and it was at this time that Paul discovered, rather to his surprise, that the grave and calm Lady Ursula took the natural delight of a healthy young woman in skating and tobogganing.

Nevertheless she did not cease to lament her long absence from "her" poor, and although she did her best to find work to do among the inhabitants of the Swiss village, where her gracious presence made everywhere a favorable impression, she never succeeded in taking to her heart the thrifty and somewhat shy peasants of the mountains with the same passion that she felt for her Kentish village friends.

In the meantime, although her love for her husband, and her admiration for him, increased rather than diminished, the quality of those emotions underwent a change.

For deep down in her heart she began to entertain a suspicion that he had not been inspired by the same feelings towards her as those she had for him.

Paul was always courteous, patient, amusing. But she was sensitive enough to know that her society bored him, and that the joy of his life in his presence found no echo in his heart.

Lady Ursula, proud, affectionate, capable of profound feeling, did not fret herself over this discovery. Why should she have expected that a man of the world, older than herself and of vastly more experience, should feel as proud as she did of her? A quiet woman like herself, without coquettishness, to attract or win to amuse?

Instead of repining, she set herself to find out some new way to his heart, and resolved that she would never give him cause to repent his marriage.

So when he wanted to go out, she never sought to detain him; when he evidently found pleasure in the society of the merry English and American girls who had come to Switzerland for the winter sports, she took care to show no jealousy.

And if sometimes if she had cause to feel wounded, she took care not to

show it. And, on the whole, considering the fact that the pair were ridiculously ill-matched, the fact of both supplied the place of warmer affections on one side and stronger demonstrations on the other, so that they passed with those they met, for phenomenally happy.

At the end of a fortnight, however, Paul began to show signs of restlessness, and on receiving a letter from Henry Fitch with an invitation to the newly-married pair to come to them as soon after the New Year as they could, to help them with the work expected at a general election, Paul expressed a hope that Lady Ursula would not mind cutting short their stay abroad.

Of course she consented.

The day before their proposed return, Paul asked his wife to let him see her jewellery, and she at once brought it to him and left it with him while she went back into her room to dress for dinner. Twenty minutes later he came into the room and showed her a long list of local gosses in newspaper. In his other hand were the twisted and broken settings of the gems.

Lady Ursula uttered a cry of horror. Little as she cared for jewellery, she had begun to feel a dutiful wife's pride in the treasures which had been, so she was told, handed down in her husband's family.

"What a pity," cried she in dismay. "Your grandmother's sets."

"They were barbaric, weren't they?" said Paul easily.

"Well, perhaps. But you said yourself that made them unique. Oh, I'm sorry."

As she spoke she turned over with her hand the great square emeralds, the diamonds and the milky pearls, which looked so poor and mean now, as jewels do when they are seen thus in address.

"What are you going to do with them?" she asked.

"I'm going to have them all reset for you. Not only these, but all the others, too."

Lady Ursula was more and more surprised.

"But the necklace and the tiara are quite modern. They are very well set."

"I don't think so. And you will let me have my own way about them, won't you?"

"Oh, of course. I have always looked upon them as yours, not mine."

"No, no, don't say that. I shan't allow you to say so, indeed, when my wife has jewels as handsome as any of those at Oare Court."

Lady Ursula looked distressed.

"Oh, I couldn't think of trying to compete with those people," she said hastily.

And then, remembering that the sentiment to which she had given utterance was something less than Christian, she hung her head and was silent.

"I don't mean you to be cut out by anybody," said Paul firmly.

She raised her head with a little smile.

"Surely, Paul, you don't think we can hold up our heads, in matters of that sort, against millionaires?" said she.

"Even my people would never try to do that."

"We will," said he confidently. "It's easier than you think. Even millionaires, on the other side of the Atlantic, use such jewels sometimes, in the certainty that they will pass, with them, for real ones."

Perhaps Lady Ursula looked incredulous.

"I tell you," he persisted, "that those great pearls which Mrs. Finch wears round her throat are not real."

Lady Ursula smiled.

"Who has told you that?" she said.

"I'm quite sure you're wrong about those particular pearls. That necklace is unique. I've heard all about it. It took years to collect the pearls, and she had to wait four years for the fifth row because they couldn't match them earlier."

Paul smiled.

(To be continued)

Ireland's True National Color

The question raised in the London press, recently, as to what is really the national color of Ireland, does not admit of doubt, at any rate from an historical point of view. The national color is of course blue and not green. The adoption of the "immortal green" dates, it is generally supposed, from the rebellion of '48. At that time the Orange men made common cause with the Irish nationalists of the same color, and green flag was chosen as their design because green was the color produced by the blending of orange and blue. The national flag, of course, is not the green flag, but an Irish harp in the centre, but the white flag showing the red saltire of St. Patrick—Christian Science Monitor.

Celebration of Anzac Day

Glowing Tribute Paid to Heroes by George Mc L. Brown, European Manager of the C. P. R.

On April 24th the "Pall Mall Gazette" of London, England contained many views of the celebration of Anzac Day at Westminster Abbey commemorating the landing of troops from Australia and New Zealand on the Gallipoli Peninsula which occurred on April 25, 1915. Among them appeared the following glowing tribute paid by Mr. George Mc L. Brown, European Manager of the C. P. R.

"The solemn beauty of Westminster Abbey, which echoes with the story of our past, is a fitting shrine in which to commemorate the noble 'Anzac' dead. Not alone because of the valor, the fortitude, and the sacrifice, are the memories of those lives laid down, previous to the Empire, but because they symbolize the high qualities which throughout centuries have gone to the building up of the British race. The courage and the chivalry of our forefathers lived again in those dauntless heroes of Gallipoli who have passed on undimmed the traditions of our history. And wherever those traditions are revered, in the United Kingdom, in their own homelands of Australia, New Zealand, and Tasmania, in Canada, in South Africa—wherever the British flag flies there will be glorified those valiant men who strengthened the old, and forged new bonds to draw closer together and make of us one people. As a Canadian, I speak with certainty when I say that in no part of the Empire is the service the Anzacs have rendered more universally recognized than in Canada. We feel that their splendid story is our pride and honor too, and that they have helped to bring home to us afresh the truth that though the seas may roll between, we are all Mother country, and daughter nations, one Empire. Not each for each, but one for all—we die, we live."

Buying Up Horses

Scarcity of Horses All Over Dominion is the Report

Since the outbreak of the war, the British Remount Commission has purchased in Canada, horses to the value of \$1,000,000. The Canadian Department of Militia, the Department of Militia is now engaged in buying an additional thousand head. The British Remount Commission has purchased over 700 since March and is buying daily in Montreal. French contractors are anxious to obtain supplies and are arranging to buy all that are available both in the East and in the West. It is understood that, as a result of the purchases already made, army buyers are finding it increasingly difficult, both in United States and in Canada, to readily secure the number of horses which they require, particularly of the type suitable for heavy cavalry or heavy artillery.

In addition to the purchases for army account, commercial activity from two distinct quarters has exerted a very evident influence upon the Canadian horse market during the past three or four months. Since the beginning of the year, 6,000 horses reached the Windsor Stock Yards from Eastern Canada and 5,917 were shipped from the same yards westward, mostly to Saskatchewan. During the months of January, February and March, 1,805 horses were exported to the United States. A few hundred more went forward to the same market in April. The horses exported were good farm chunks weighing from 1,300 to 1,500 lbs. As high as \$500 a pair for animals possessing extra quality and conformation. This new movement in the horse market is having its effect upon prices all over Canada.

Shortage of Horses in the Dominion That Canada is experiencing a shortage of horses on account of the heavy drain of supplying thousands for military purposes, was the statement of John Bright, Dominion live stock commissioner, who attended the meeting of the National Live Stock Record Board in Toronto.

"There were not enough horses in Canada to work the land," he declared. "Something must be done to conserve our supply."

On account of farmers' credit with the banks curtailed, the price has been a falling off in the breeding of horses since 1914.

The Imperial Chancellor, in his famous war speech in the Reichstag, said, "there must be a new Belgium." Evidently the Belgians in East Africa are of the same thinking. They have captured 90 miles of German territory there, and named the first town that they took possession of, Llege.

A Stupid Subterfuge

The stupidity and hypocrisy of Germany's contention that her systematic campaign of murder and piracy at sea was in retaliation for Great Britain's "attempt to starve millions of Germans into submission" have long been apparent to the neutral world. Aside from the fact that the blockade is a legitimate means of warfare, every schoolboy knows or ought to know that it was not established until after Germany announced her "submarine blockade" of the British Isles in February, 1915, and her determination to torpedo every ship that left or approached British shores, whether neutral or belligerent.—Victoria Times.

A Scottish cabman was driving an American around the sights in Edinburgh. In high street he stopped and, with a wave of his hand, announced: "That is John Knox's house." "John Knox!" exclaimed the American. "Who was he?" This was too much for the cabby. "Good heavens!" he exclaimed. "Did you never read your Bible?"

Smashed German Supply Base

A Scotsman, writing of trench experiences, relates what he heard from the lips of an aviator:

"It was my good fortune to smash up a German supply base, said the aviator, when I pressed him. 'I had a risky time of it getting over the spot, where I dropped the bomb, but I was so eager to drop to wreck the Boche depot I quite forgot some of my own dangers. The right moment came, and I let her go. I looked down to see what would happen. There was a ruffled row, and a cloud of smoke and dust arose.'

"As it cleared away I saw the success of my lucky shot. I forgot where I was, jumped up, and shouted and waved my hat, and hardly knew I was being fired at. It was one of the keenest feelings of enjoyment I have ever experienced."

Visitor, to wounded soldier in hospital—'I'm afraid you must find the days very wearisome here?' Patient—'Not always; we don't have visitors every day, you know!'



THE BEAUTY OF SUNLIGHT

is that every garment washed with it bears the impress of purity; a purity begotten of sweet, cleansing oils, and maintained by absolute cleanliness in manufacture; a purity exalted by the co-operation of workers united for the purpose; a purity demonstrated by the "\$5,000 guarantee," which rests upon every bar of SUNLIGHT SOAP.

A substitute for Sunlight is not as good and never can be. Insist upon the genuine—Sunlight Soap.

5c. The name Lever on Soap is a guarantee of Purity and Excellence. 5c.



Children

all love Cowan's Maple Buds because they are delicious and may be eaten in large amounts without ill effect—every Bud pure and wholesome.

Cheap "War Loans"

Austria beginning to feel the pinch of the war. Such luxuries as beef are no longer in happy sight on the table of the Vienna workman's table. The government in raising its last war loan had to induce money by accepting subscriptions as low as 50 cents.

Watered Margarine

Liquid margarine is the latest alternative to butter in Berlin, but even the German police cannot stand for such an adulteration, and a seller of the butter has been fined \$250 for adulterating it with 60 per cent of water. The price of beef in Berlin is now at 75 cents per lb.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The Monitor News

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

W. S. McCulloch, Editor.

Subscription Rates

Canada \$1.00 per year. Foreign \$1.50 per year in advance.

Advertising Rates

For Sale, Lost and Strayed—Not exceeding one inch space, 50c for first insertion, or 3 for \$1.00.

Transient advertisements—50 cents per inch, in advance.

All changes of advertisements must reach this office by Tuesday noon.

FRIDAY, JUNE the 23rd, 1916

Note and Comment

The President of the Imperial Grain Board is quoted in a dispatch from Amsterdam as saying:

"To Germany's reserve of 400,000 tons of grain must be added 80,000 tons, representing the decreased consumption by the army." Dead men eat no bread.

The success of the Russians in breaking down the Austrian's defences indicates that a general offensive by the allies in the west might not be so hopeless a task as it has been represented.

A man, like a barrel or a nail becomes of little use when he loses his head.

Germany's spokesmen, when they talk of peace, say that Germany is entitled to dictate terms, because she is victorious. But if she were really victorious she would be dictating terms.

A frown on the face casts a shadow on the heart.

Five women jurors in a murder case in San Diego, unable to agree, were locked up for the night. Five disgusted men cooked supper, washed the dishes, tucked the kid in bed, put out the cat, and then sat down to cuss their luck and a bachelor judge.

Do not allow the making of plans for tomorrow, interfere with doing what you planned yesterday to do today.

Candidate Charles E. Hughes has demonstrated the utility of silence—a demonstration which another eminent gentleman of the name of Hughes would do well to note.

The Ypres salient may be dangerous, but our soldiers have proved that it is more dangerous for the Germans than for themselves.

LOST—On Saturday, June 10th, between C.P.R. waiting room and Monitor Hotel, a Ladies Black Leather Hand Bag, containing a Watch, Pearl necklace and small sum of money.

Finder please leave at Monitor News Office or P.O. box 8. REWARD.

LOST—One large 2 year old bay filly no brands. K. G. WILES, Sec. 34-34-1.



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS BUGGY PAINT

was originally made for re-painting and re-finishing old buggies, and combines all the toughness, durability, and strength of color necessary to withstand the hard wear a buggy gets. There's no other paint for the purpose as good and economical.

It's splendid wearing qualities make it also adaptable for painting porch and lawn furniture and all articles subject to outside exposure where a strong, gloss finish is wanted.

SOLD BY

L. R. Beebe Hardware Co.

The British navy getting into a fight and the German navy getting out of it show exactly the same speed Dr. Cook started out on a "northward enterprise, too, and came back with much the same sort of a story as the Germans.

Talent is something, but tact is everything. Talent is serious sober, grave and respectable, tact is all that, and more, too.

It is not a seventh sense, but it is the life of all the five. It is the open eye, the quick ear, the judging taste, the keen smell and the lively touch. It is the interpreter of all riddles, the surmounter of all difficulties and the remover of all obstacles

Sir Sam Hughes submits a letter from himself to Lord Kitchener in support of his statement that he had advised the abandonment of the Ypres salient. But Sir Sam has said that his sudden call to Ottawa prevented him putting his ideas in writing. (The letter is dated March 24th, and he was not recalled until several days afterwards. It is strange.

Sir S. Hughes has many enemies but he is the most dangerous one to himself. His abnormal egotism and his great want of judgment made him offer the advice to Kitchener, if he actually did so. Hughes, having just arrived at the front thought that he knew more than the whole Army staff, and tried to alter the plans that had taken months of labor to work out. At one glance Sir Sam saw the whole folly, according to his statements.

Sir Sam had very little sense when he took it upon himself to publish that letter.

"Give a woman a man's chance" is the new suffrage slogan. And some irreverent man will probably suggest the next line, "Give a woman a man's pants.

Bulgarian newspapers say that the Germans having captured Verdun, are marching on to Paris, that the Austrians are in Besarabia, and are marching on Kieff, that the Turks have crossed the Suez canal and are approaching Cairo, that the Bulgarians have placed Prince Cyril on the throne of Albania, and that the Kaiser is determined to occupy London before he makes peace.

E. C. Melvin & Son

Plasterers, Brick Layers, Paper Hanging and Painting

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P. O. Box 100.

Star Restaurant

Charlie Yee, Prop.

Board and Rooms

Meals at all Hours

Fruit, Cigars and Soft Drinks

Your Stationery

is your silent representative. If you sell fine goods that are up-to-date in style and of superior quality it ought to be reflected in your printing. We produce the kind that you will not be ashamed to have represent you. That is the only kind it pays to send out. Send your orders to this office.

Everybody's doing it. Doing what? Going to

DORE'S Blacksmith Shop.

Horseshoeing and Plow Work a Specialty.

All Work Guaranteed.

"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car

Price \$600

F. O. B. MONITOR, ALBERTA

For low cost of up keep.
For low operating expense
For least trouble.
For Supreme Satisfaction

A Ford Touring Car at \$600.00 Delivered to Your Door.

Electric Lights ; Electric Horn ; Full Tool Equipment

MONITOR GARAGE

The Monitor News Job Dept.

IF ITS ANY KIND OF PRINTING WE CAN DO IT

At Home Cards
Bills of Fare
Ball Programs
Bill Heads
Blotters
Booklets
By-Laws
Envelopes
Letter Heads
Milk Tickets
Collecting Notices
Pamphlets
Posters
Receipts
Wedding Stationery

Artistic Job Printing our Specialty.

Harness Headquarters

MONITOR

Farmers

Call and see the new and complete stock of Harness, Collars, Sweat Pads, Halters and all other Harness Accessories. This is all first class stock and guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

Give your horses Stock Food and get them in to condition for spring work.

Harness Repairs

Shoe Repairs

Yours

J. HAMER

Practical Harness Maker



Experience Counts
Keeping poultry for eggs, to realize a profit and make a success, requires some experience; more, in fact, than most people imagine. Do not get the idea that all there is to it is getting some incubators and filling them with eggs and hatching them out in the spring and by fall have laying hens, and that, when eggs are high, you will be taking in some of the high prices that are quoted in the papers. That theory looks nice when you are not in the business.

Useful in Camp.—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

In the 15 years that copper has been mined in Alaska about 220,000,000 pounds have been produced.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Anac Lieutenant—The Turks are as thick as peas. What shall we do?
Anac Captain—Shell them, "you idiot, shell them!"—Tit Bits.

No Girl Need Have a Blotched Face

Whether it be in capturing the heart of man, or making her way through the world by the toil of her hands, a charming and pretty face gives any girl a big advantage. Poor complexion and rough, sallow skin are caused by blood disorders. The cure is simple. Just use Dr. Hamilton's Pills—a reliable family remedy that has for years been the foremost blood remedy in America. That soft glow will return to the cheeks, the eyes with vivacity, appetite will improve, strength and endurance will come because sound health has been established. Get a 25c. box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. Sold every where.

The Modern Child
Sunday School Teacher—"Now children, what is the last thing you do before you go to bed at night?"
Bright Girl—Put the latch-key under the door-mat for mother."

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

He—I wonder why three-fourths of the typists in business offices are women? She—I think it is because men like to feel that there is at least one class of women whom they can dictate to!

FLEET FOOT SHOES
for Playful Children
NOTHING BETTER FOR SUMMER WEAR
Worn by Every Member of the Family

HIS
Medicine
Wagon...
Sole of Automobile on the...
Dr. L. HARTLEY BOWEN, 1100 St. N., New York

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.
A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, 2, 3.
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2000 St. N., New York

W. N. U. 1109

The Spirit of Confidence
A Canadian officer formerly in a Canadian Government office, writes: "I had a stroll over the ground at the back of our trench, and an awful sight met my eyes, but a slight, unfortunately, I have looked upon before—the sight of a battlefield after the battle. The Hunns were practically blown out of their position; the trenches had been smashed so that one could hardly recognize that they had been there; wagons were blown in, and there were signs that they held a good number of dead. The more I look at this position the Hunns held the more I wonder how ever they were shifted, and I am more convinced that we can shift them from any position they hold."

LITTLE WORRIES IN THE HOME

It Is These That Bring Wrinkles And Make Women Look Prematurely Old

Almost every woman at the head of a home meets daily many little worries in her household affairs. They are too small to notice an hour afterwards, but it is these same constant little worries that effect the blood and nerves and make women look prematurely old. Their effect may be noticed in sick or nervous headaches, fickle appetite, pain in the back or side, sallow complexion and aching of the joints, which every woman dreads. To these thus afflicted Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy and certain cure; a restoration of color to the cheeks, brightness to the eye, a hearty appetite and a sense of freedom from weariness.

Among the thousands of Canadian women who have found new health through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is Mrs. N. Worrall, Broughdale, Ont., who says: "After the birth of my second child I was so weak and run down that I was unable to do anything. The doctor said I had scarcely any blood in my body. I could not walk half a block without being completely exhausted and all the treatment of the doctor did not seem to help me. I called in another doctor, but with no better results. My feet and legs became frightfully swollen. I suffered with severe pains in my back and sides. I would be all day dragging around at my household work, and I was beginning to give up all hope of recovery. I had been urged to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but like many others, thought they could not help me when doctors had failed to do so, but after much urging I decided to try them. To my surprise in a few weeks I found myself getting better. I then gladly continued their use and found myself constantly growing stronger, and eventually able to do my house work without fatigue. I strongly advise every weak woman to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial."

You can get these Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

War Veterans and Politics
Canada is expecting confidently that, with the return of peace, veterans will control its politics, as veterans controlled the politics of the United States for a generation following the civil war, and is rather rejoicing in the prospect. It is coming to be the conviction in the Dominion that those who offered their all for the nation in time of war will be most capable of safeguarding its interests in time of peace. The thought is a creditable one, to say the least, and we believe that the hope behind it will not be disappointed.—Christian Science Monitor

Pills for Nervous Troubles.—The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmed's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

Book Learning is Not All
It is a curious commentary on the quality of human understanding that so many writers should have laid so much emphasis upon the fact that Shakespeare's only "education" was secured within the walls of the Stratford grammar school. What a world of nonsense there is in the superstition that a knowledge of books means a knowledge of nature and mankind! How much more nonsense there is in the superstition that knowledge of nature and mankind cannot be secured except through the perusal of many books.—Outlook, New York.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

No Links For Golfers
A movement is on foot in Great Britain to do away with the golf links throughout the country till the war terminates. This is necessary, say the advocates, in order to economize horse and man. In some instances golf links are being planted with vegetables.

Old Gent—"Where were you born, my boy?" Boy—"In London, sir!" Old Gent—"What part?" Boy—"All of me, sir, 'cept my 'air and teeth. They was born in Birmingham and Leeds respectively."

Name New Station Petain

Junction of K. V. and C. P. R. Will Bear Historic Designation
In honor of the gallant French general who has been in command of the operations at Verdun during the terrific onslaughts delivered by the Germans, the junction point of the Kettle Valley Railway with the main line of the C. P. R., near the station of Hope, on the north side of the Fraser River, has been named Petain. The appellation appears in the new summer time schedules, which are now in the printer's hands, and will be issued shortly.

The new time tables will become effective on June 4th as previously announced. The junction point of the Kettle Valley branch of the latter road ends, has been designated Brodie as a compliment to H. W. Brodie, general passenger agent for the C. P. R.

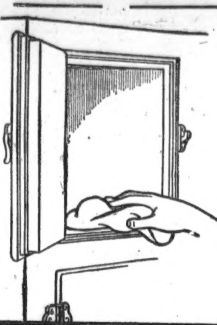
Consoling—"What did you say your age was?" he remarked, between dances.
"Well, I didn't say," smartly returned the girl, "but I've just reached twenty-one."
"Is that so?" he returned, consolingly. "What detained you?"

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts through the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.
After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

What Passed
Magistrate—"Describe what passed between you in the quarrel with your wife."
Accused—"The plates were regular dinner size, your worship, and the teapot had a broken spout."

A sanitary ice box prevents many illnesses—keep yours sanitary with Old Dutch



Motor Busses as War Wagons
The defence of Verdun was planned and executed on the supposition that no railroads were available. Every move was by motor.

The artillery, big guns and little, which used to be drawn slowly into action behind weary horses, now dash up to their positions mounted bodily on rapid motortrucks. It is quite a common sight to see several batteries of 75's, caissons and guns, loaded upon high-horse-powered trucks, sailing down the road like a streak.

"I have just made the trip by army motor from Bar-le-Duc to the citadel," writes a war correspondent. "We passed hundreds upon hundreds of other motor-driven vehicles, ranging in size from the smallest motor-cycle or cycle-car to the trucks which every wheel is a driving wheel, and which can haul a house."

Touching Wood
Whenever my wife comes up behind me and pats my head, I know she's going to ask for money.
"She touches wood for luck, eh?"

Alberta to be Big Dairy Producer
Alberta's cheese-making industry is making rapid strides.

Thirteen cheese factories turned out 372,083 lbs. of cheese, compared with 70,581 lbs. made in five factories during 1914. An interesting feature in connection with the cheese production is that 50 per cent. of the past season's output was manufactured in the city dairies of Calgary and Edmonton.

The creamery business of the province also made marked progress during the year, the creamery butter production being 7,400,000 lbs., compared with 5,450,000 lbs. for the previous year.

A Diplomat
Mrs. Ewe—"You always have such wonderful success in getting people to come to your parties."
Mrs. Wye—"Oh, I always tell the men that it's not to be a dress up affair and the women that it is."

Hair combs with removable teeth that can be replaced when broken have been invented.

How the Blood Is Purified

By the Searching and Painsaking Work of Healthy Kidneys.

In its circulation through the body the blood not only carries nutrition to the cells and tissues, but also collects the waste material resulting from the breaking down of cells and tissues, the ashes left by the fire of life.

In due course the blood passes through the kidneys to be purified of these poisonous impurities, and these filtering organs extract each day about 50 ounces of liquids and 2 ounces of solids, 500 grains of urea and 10 grains of uric acid, the material which is found in rheumatic joints.

Sudden changes of temperature throw a great strain on the kidneys, but it is overeating and drinking that are the usual cause of trouble. In a vain effort to remove the excess of waste matter the kidneys break down, uric acid and other poisons are

left in the blood and the whole system is poisoned by impure blood.

Pains in the back and limbs, severe headaches, lumbago and rheumatism are the natural result. Hardening of the arteries, excessive blood pressure, weakening of the heart's action, Bright's disease may be anticipated unless prompt action is taken.

We like to think of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills as preventive treatment, for by their timely use you can readily prevent all these dreaded disorders. Unlike other medicines for kidney troubles, they awaken the action of liver and bowels as well as the kidneys, and thereby effect a prompt cleansing of the whole filtering and excretory systems.

There is no way by which the action of the kidneys can be so quickly aroused and the blood cleansed of impurities as by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. It is therefore the greatest of blood purifiers and much sought for at this time of year, when everybody feels the need of a medicine to cleanse from the system the accumulation of poisonous matter.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free if you mention this paper.

COURT CASES.

On Monday, several charges were heard before J.P. McCulloch. H. Hadwin, charged by E. B. Killingbuk with breaking a fence, was found guilty and fined \$10.00 and costs.

H. Sadovoy was up on the same kind of a case and also for assault, Steve Panoff being the plaintiff. Sadovoy was fined \$5.00 and costs in each case.

H. Johnson had J. C. Day up for non-payment of wages and this was settled to the satisfaction of both parties.

A case that took up considerable time was that of Wiltse Bros. charged by C. T. Skidmore with the theft of a pig. Numerous witnesses were heard and after summing up the evidence J. P.'s Connah and McCulloch, found the defendants guilty and imposed a fine of \$10.00 and costs on each of them.

We understand that Wiltse Bros. intend entering an appeal on this decision.

Mr. Rogan, of Kirriemuir, who was up on a wage case by A. L. Gleason, was ordered to pay the claim of Gleason, and the costs of the court.

Constable A. E. Colton was in attendance.

Sounding Lake Union, U.F.A.
NO. 690.

The above Social Union held its General Meeting on Wednesday evening June 14th, in the new Horse Shoe Schoolhouse.

At the conclusion of the ordinary business, the ladies of the district took up the matter of forming a branch of the United Farm Women of Alberta. After some discussion, it was resolved to postpone the formation of the branch for further consideration, but a number of the ladies present joined as ordinary members.

After the adjournment, the room was cleared for dancing, and a most enjoyable evening was spent by the large company present, which included visitors from Monitor and the Neutral Hills district. Refreshments were provided by the ladies and Mr. W. S. Muddle earned the thanks of the company for an excellent programme of music.

The proceedings were brought to a close about 3 a.m. the general opinion being that a very successful start on the social side of the U.F.A. had been made.

STONELAW UNION.

A meeting of the above union will be held in Minor school at 1 p.m. on Saturday, July 1st, for the purpose of discussing general business and arranging for a pic-nic. All members are requested to attend and make this a good meeting.

T.DOS. PARTRIDGE, Sec.

A wreck occurred on the C.P.R. on Monday morning, about three quarters of a mile west of Consort. It was an east bound freight. Three cars loaded with telephone poles toppled over and the track was torn up for several hundred yards.

This prevented the mixed train coming through and delayed the evening express so that it did not reach Monitor until 11 p.m.

The Ladies Aid of Creek Valley met in the home of Mrs. Evans on Tuesday. A fair number were present and a good time enjoyed.

THE DAY.

The day has arrived, Kaiser Bill.
The day with its carnage and woe;
Its widowed mothers and orphaned
When will it end, do you know?

And how are you going to pay.
Will you deluge the earth with the
[blood of your kin,
Or hang by the neck for the day:
Who'll be the judge, Kaiser Bill?

Of the hand you have had in the game
Should your trial come off on mother
[earth,
King Peter is the man I would name,
To spring the trap Kaiser Bill

That will send your dark soul on its
[flight,
Almost any one would be glad to
[oblige,
But King Albert I think would be
[right.

Will we bury your corpse, Kaiser Bill,
Or embalm it and stand it to rest.
With a flaming sword in its withered
[hand,
And an Iron Cross on its breast.

When you reach the gates, Kaiser Bill,
And you hear that "don't know you
[at all,"
Will you call for the Reichstag to aid
[you
Or just bustle through on your gall.

POUND NOTICE.

To whom the same may concern:—
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of power under section 208 of the Rural Municipalities Act, and of By-law No. 1 of the Rural Municipality of Stewart No. 302. Dated June 7th, 1910.

2 Bay geldings, one, white face, branded  on left shoulder, and 2 on left stifle. Were impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on the S.E. quarter Sec. 28 Tp. 33 Rg. 5 west of the 4th mer. on Wednesday the 7th day of June 1910.

DATED June 7th, 1910.
LUDWIG SEEMAN,
Monitor P.O.,
POUNDKEEPER.

Lumber.

Go to Galvin Lumber Yds. Ltd.
for it

Because we have a full stock of everything required on your building, and you get just what you want not what you can get.

Fresh carloads of Wood-fibre, cement, lime and brick just arrived.

Fence Posts

We have the best stock of Cedar and Willow fence posts ever seen in our city.

Beaver Board

A supply of Oak, including wagon tongues, always on hand for repairs.

Our aim is to have the best stock and the best customers
We have both.

Galvin Lumber
Yards Limited

H. McKECHNIE, Mgr.

J. HANSON

Contractor
and Builder

Plans and Specifications
Furnished.

All Work Guaranteed.

MONITOR : ALTA.

B. R. Cramer
Building Contractor

Monitor : Alta.

Monitor Laundry

First Class Work
Guaranteed

Sam Lee : Prop.

Canadian Pacific Rly.

CALGARY
INDUSTRIAL
EXHIBITION

June 29th, to July 5th.
SINGLE FARE FOR
ROUND TRIP

Going dates June 28th, to July 4th. Return limit July 7th.

Full particulars and tickets from any C.P.R. ticket agent or
R. DAWSON,
District Pass. Agent, CALGARY.

Last West
Lumber Co.

R. N. Lay, Manager

"OUR BEST"

FLOUR and FEED STORE

WE GUARANTEE "OUR BEST."

READY FOR HARVEST.

Look your machines over and order repairs early. It will help us give you better service.

Have you seen the McCORMICK

NEW HIGH-GEARED MOWER

—AND THE—

IMPROVED LIGHT DRAFT BINDER

We have a sample set up.

BINDER TWINE

ORDER NOW. WE GUARANTEE DELIVERY.

J. A. Hayes & Sons'

IMPLEMENTS : COAL : FLOUR

OUR MOTTO:—A square deal for a round dollar.

Pioneer Livery and Feed Stable

The Best Livery and Feed Stable
in the Village

Drying of all classes done at
Moderate Prices.

Mack MacDonald, : : Prop.

Palace Amusement Parlor

Johnson Bros., Props.

Pocket Pool and Billiards

Smokers Supplies : Cigars, Tobaccos

Main St. : : Monitor.

HO FRANK VERDUN BATTLE WAS ASSISTED BY THE BRITISH

RELEASED FRENCH TROOPS FOR OTHER DUTIES

Aid Was None the Less Valuable for Being Indirect, This Fact Being Fully Appreciated in France—Eloquent Testimony Has Been Given in an Official French Document

H. Warner Allen, the representative of the British Press with the French Army, writes as follows:

France, both the French in the trenches and the French behind the lines, fully appreciates the assistance given by the British army during the battle of Verdun. Morally, it was no small encouragement to the French troops who have fought so long and so heroically, to know how, by an effort unprecedented in the history of war, the British Expeditionary Force had swelled in numbers to the size of a great continental army, and that they could count on the unflinching support of their comrades and allies. Materially, it was an invaluable service that the British troops were able to relieve and release for other duties an entire French army that was holding one of the most difficult sectors of the front.

The aid given was none the less valuable for being indirect, and it is desirable, in the interests of historical truth, that certain unfounded reports should be contradicted. I am authorized to state that the announcement reported to have been made in the Australian Commonwealth Parliament, to the effect that a brigade of Australian heavy artillery was actually fighting at Verdun, is incorrect. Other rumors suggesting that British guns and British troops were actually taking part in the battle are equally unfounded. The British army has given far more assistance than could possibly have been afforded by such personnel and arms, and the French forces which have barred the way to the Germans has remained entirely homogeneous. This fact is fully appreciated in France, and an eloquent testimony to the achievement of the British army is given by the following document, which will be published in the next number of the Bulletin des Armes, which may be regarded as the official organ of the French soldiers in the trenches.

On September 25, 1916, when the whole French army was waiting impatiently in Champagne and Artois, news arrived that the British army at the side of the British Allies had gained a brilliant victory. In a few brief words it was announced to the British: "The English have taken Loos. They have made their way into the trench. On a front of five miles, with a depth in places of two-and-a-half miles, they have carried the German trenches by storm. They have taken prisoners and guns."

In the French army there was a general outbreak of enthusiasm. The brotherhood of arms has been expressed in action. In close contact with the French, at the moment chosen by the Allied General Staff, the English had taken the offensive and vigorously driven their way into the enemy's lines. Their victory was a symbol and a promise. It has often been said that the offensive and the realization of this, and rejoiced accordingly.

Weeks have passed since then, and the British army has never ceased making itself more and more feared by the Germans. The day has gone by when the enemy could pretend to mock at "the contemptible little army of Marshal Foch," ready in the Cambresis General French soldier had given the first proof of their valor. From Crecy-en-Brie to Guillemont they had taken the offensive and the victory of the Marne, and since those glorious marches what a long way they have gone and what progress they have made. For months, at the side of the French troops, the valiant soldiers of Great Britain have served their apprenticeship in modern war, and as they gained in experience, so they increased in number. The 60,000 men of August, 1914, are today 250,000. The Expeditionary Force has become a formidable army. It has often been said that Time is fighting for the Allies, but none of them has he favored so greatly as the English.

It has become commonplace to praise the organization, equipment, and auxiliary services of the British army. The striking force of Tommy Atkins and his smart bearing have been lauded to the skies. With him the French have sung the chorus of "Tipperary," and perhaps in France too much emphasis has been laid on this picturesque side. There is, perhaps, a danger of it being forgotten that Tommy is a soldier in the most trying of wars, and that he fights as a soldier should.

It is a fact, and a natural fact, that these Englishmen, who are defending their French friends, are also defending civilization and the liberty of the world, enjoy games and exercise, and do not lose the taste for them in their cautiousness when they are in the line, and even in the trenches. In face of the enemy, the Frenchman jokes and jests as he is always accustomed to. The Englishman plays football in the lines. This is a matter of temperament, an both have given their proofs on the field of battle. Ask the German infantry who think of the warriors of Neve-Chapelle, Loos, or St. Eloi. The successes of the British army are sufficient evidence.

The list of their successes is a long one. They are composed of daily fights throughout twenty months of

war, of a thousand heroic and brilliant episodes, of victories like those of Loos, and of triumphs like those just won on the Ypres Canal at Comines and at St. Eloi.

The blood of British soldiers—soldiers of Great Britain and soldiers of the Colonies—was mingled everywhere with the blood of the French. At every opportunity the British army has proved its friendship and has only one desire—over to do more for the common cause.

Turkey Must Be Destroyed

No Guarantee of Safety in Europe With Turkey to Make Trouble

The first and most inevitable duty of the Allies in the war is to rid the world of Turkey, not of the Turks as individuals, but of Turkey as a State. Whatever else is left undone, this task must be performed thoroughly, not reluctantly or remorselessly, but in a spirit of strict and stern justice and as a measure of self-defense. There can never be any other policy in Europe with Turkey left to make trouble; so much Ever Bey has demonstrated in the most thorough manner, and for this Turkish effort his reward when the war is over. If he should be so unfortunate as to survive the advent of peace.

The unpardonable sin of Turkey against humanity and civilization in this war has been that she has allowed herself to become the catspaw of Germany in the latter's effort to realize her dream of worldwide domination. It was Germany's long-plotted, cold-blooded, deliberate purpose to take possession of Asia Minor, Mesopotamia, Armenia, Persia, and India in Asia, and of the whole of eastern Africa from the Isthmus of Suez to the Cape of Good Hope. To accomplish this the aid of Turkey was necessary, and it was secured. It was no part of Germany's purpose to reveal all this to Ever Bey, but he knows it by this time, and the other intelligentsia of Turkey know it. A million Armenians have been assassinated with fiendishness, and a million more are being exterminated. Turkey's effort to arouse a "holy war" proved a failure, and it is necessary to make further attempts impossible, and the only effective precaution is to dissolve the Sultanate, to obliterate Turkey, and to outlaw the harem.

Germany, still, after the war, remains a great power, but will become a great power. Austria-Hungary is less definitely apparent, but also it is of less importance. It may become an independent kingdom, or Austria may become a Germanic State; all the more reason why Serbia should be made a world-harmonizing force. The absorption of Montenegro, and the acquisition of so much of Bulgaria as will make the latter harmless. (Grand due to the mania should get what is due to them, and so far that obligation on the Allies amounts to very little. With the Balkan States arranged for, Constantinople in the possession of Russia, and the future of Asia Minor and Mesopotamia disposed of as might seem most expedient in the interest of a worldwide peace, Germany would be completely and hopelessly shut within her own territory. If this is not a hard one, it cannot be called a world-harmonizing policy. Germany not only began the war as a means of securing world harmony, but she has prosecuted it in ways most likely to harden the hearts of the Allies who will be the dictators of the terms of her surrender.—Toronto Globe.

South Africans Charged in Stocking Feet

South Africans had their first engagement in the Western Desert a few weeks ago. A mixed force of Anzacs, Sikhs, and Yeomanry moved out against a large enemy force composed of Senussi and Bedouin in uniforms and officers by German and Turks. Rain and mud compelled the abandonment of wagons and mules. The South Africans early suffered from rifle fire because of their stature, and also suffered from the extremely heavy going, being unused to work. A number of the men were sent back so far, but on hearing the South African war cry they took to their feet, and with their boots in their hands, they were taking part in the fight all day.

While returning footsore to camp, the South Africans refused help, though many were carrying their wounded and dead comrades. They were proud of their work, but longing for their horses.

Uncle Ernest (improving the shining hour)—And what do we do with the file of the wig?

Uncle Ernest (sarcastically)—Oh, do we? And what do we do with the wig?

Bobby—Put 'em on the edge of the plate.

A Wireless Freak

Crippled Shackleton Ship Flashed News of Plight Over Nine Hundred Miles

The current number of The Wireless Press contains an article laudatory of the work of I. A. Hooke, the wireless operator on the auxiliary bark Aurora of the Shackleton Antarctic expedition, who sent the first tidings to the world of the plight of that vessel. The message, published on March 25, was made possible by a "freak" performance on the part of the wireless equipment of the Aurora. The message was received by the Naval Radio Station at Melbourne, when the ship was at least five times more distant than the normal range of her transmitting equipment.

The Aurora which was the relief ship of the expedition, broke from her moorings in Ross Sea on May 6, 1915, and was adrift in the ice for ten months. Wireless telegrams, sent from the people of Sydney, Australia, had originally an effective transmitting radius of only 200 miles. A month later, however, the range was increased to 500 miles, and on her long drift, according to The Wireless Press, there were added twenty feet to the aerial masts of the Aurora.

As the Aurora drifted away from her moorings, Hooke endeavored to get in touch with the members of the marooned party ashore, hoping to inform them of the whereabouts of the ship. The ship had been receiving at landed previously, and it is just possible that the land party learned by these signals of the Aurora's drift. The Aurora made the earliest possible provision against an unexpected twelve months on land.

The wireless Press records the expedients to which Hooke resorted in order to inform the world of his predicament. On June 1, 1915, it says, "Hooke, basing his hopes on the fleetness of possibilities of abnormal wireless telegrams, commenced to call Australia, but without success. He attributed his total failure to the polar conditions, and made exhaustive experiments with all sorts of makeshifts in the hope of getting definite results. It is well, perhaps, for Hooke and the fellow adventurers that they did not know the real reason for their non-success, as the hopes of relief which boomed them up until their turn might have been shattered."

"In the first place, the Commonwealth of Australia, in the interests of economy, had a wireless staff of only three men. The staff of the wireless station at Macquarie Island. This removed the first possibility of intercommunication with the drifting ship. Secondly, owing to military reasons, the transmitting apparatus at Macquarie had been transported to a more distant point, and the possibility of favorable circumstances to send distress signals as far distant as New Zealand would not have received any reply."

"Hooke, however, stuck to his post. It was on July 22, 1915, that the Aurora, after a long and arduous voyage, was then 100 miles from land and 500 miles from the nearest food depot. Hooke again overhauled his apparatus, even to the extent of lowering and re-erecting his masts, in the hope that by so doing he might help them on shore and his fellow crew, who were in a desperate state of mind. He made a last effort at the world's knowledge of his fate and efforts at rescue. Twice he heard faint signals, on August 17 and 26, but they were unintelligible."

"Then there came the big day. On September 15, 1915, the Aurora was dismasted, the wireless aerial going with the debris. Twice were new antennas strung up, but the party was left in the lurch. The Aurora was left to drift with her masts broken."

"But the wireless operator's story now changes from sadness to joy. On March 25, with a quadruple aerial, his eighty feet above deck, he succeeded in obtaining definite signals from stations in Tasmania and New Zealand, 900 miles distant. Then followed the message which startled the globe. This message was transmitted 900 miles with an apparatus normally suitable for about 200 miles radius, and eclipsed for a day at least the interest in the great world war. Hooke advised that the party was in a desperate state, and that he was assisted on the return journey by the time and other signals received by him from the New Zealand stations."

The Unbearable Factor

Scold Great Britain by all means; but oh brethren, try to do it with intelligence. "Beaten in this war," is the cry of the day. The factor is not only unbeaten, but unbearable. Called upon to be all things to all men and to all causes to Germany, she has slipped up in some particular, but she is not only going still, but going strong, and she is today the one unbearable factor in the allied combination.—From the New York Life.

What Passed

Magistrate—"Dear me, what passed between you in the quarrel with your wife."

Accused—"The plates were regular dinner size, your worship, and the teapot had a broken spout."

CAN WE DO HALF MEASURES IN DEALING WITH THE GERMANS

ADVOCATES OF PREMATURE PEACE DENOUNCED

Premier Hughes of Australia Says That Everything is at Stake In This War, and That There Can be no Peace Until the Treacherous Nation of Germany is Beaten

A Fatal Mistake

German Aviator Lands in British Lines and Machine of the Latest Type Was Captured

A unique incident occurred when for the first time during the war so far as is known, an aeroplane mistook a hostile aeroplane for its own. Without interfering with its movements, thinking that it had lost its bearings they watched it come lower until it finally swept past and came to a rest.

The German aviator and his pilot saw their mistake too late when figures in khaki came running up and seized them. They were prisoners. The captured machine was a new one of the latest type.

The great aerial activity of these days has brought forth many daring deeds and there have been numerous narrow escapes. One British machine was struck by anti-aircraft gun shell which passed through the engine and exploded under the feet of the pilot, the shell exploding without harming the engine. All the aviator felt was a splash and he went on his way.

Another British aviator pursuing a German machine toward the earth found that his control power was not working and he descended to a road inside the German lines. The shock of landing righted the lever and he rose successfully, turning his machine gun, before returning on the German aviator and his pilot, who had left their machine after making a landing. The British aviators then returned safely to their own lines.

Prohibition in Denver

Lack of Whiskey Does Not Kill a City Very Quickly

Denver under prohibition! The very idea is a startling one, and when Colorado went on January 1, 1916, the "drys" freely predicted the utter ruin of business, and even some of the "drys" wondered how Denver would stand. But children four months have gone, and the business men of Denver are beginning to realize that they are not dead yet, and some of them are even hopeful of surviving for some time to come. Here are a few of the facts. The Gas and Electric Light Co. had propped a d-r-o-p of \$15,000 a month, but instead of a d-r-o-p, the month showed a gain of \$10,000. The banks also had been afraid of the dry spell, but the first month gave them \$200 new deposits, which aggregated \$757,000. The department stores report that their collections are just 24 per cent. ahead of a year ago. There has been, however, quite a heavy slump reported by the pawnshops. Prohibition appears to be distinctly favorable to them, and it also hits the undertakers rather hard. The Italian Methodist Episcopal mission has also been affected. This mission had been furnishing free meals for 150 poor children, since prohibition went into force they have not been able to find the poor children. They now eat at home. In building permits for February, Denver showed an increase of 185 per cent. over last year, while the average increase for all leading United States cities was only 21 per cent. Evidently the lack of whiskey does not kill a city very rapidly.—From an Exchange.

Shakespeare's Popularity

If the test of popularity is the store set upon greatness by the number of books printed relating to a man, then the number of sets of Shakespeare's books placed upon the market—500,000—settles his pre-eminence in that respect as well as in many others. Allowing seven volumes to each set, that would bring up the figure to 3,500,000.

This number is ten times that of the total number of books housed in the Bodleian Library, and far short of double the British Museum total, which is steadily increasing at the rate of 100,000 volumes each year.

The British Museum Library catalogue, by the way, contains nearly 5,000 entries relating to Shakespeare, 142 the collection of Shakespeareana on its shelves exceeds 20,000 separate books.

To Relieve Congestion

Two unusual measures have been under consideration by the Legislature of Massachusetts. One provides for an appropriation for homesteads or small lots, and the other for mechanics, laborers and other persons in the suburbs of cities and towns. The other bill authorizes any city to acquire land for the purpose of teaching agriculture to its inhabitants, including school children, adults and family groups.

"Dad, what's a symposium?" "It's a sort of meeting, my boy, so called because a lot of simpletons usually pose at it."

In a speech delivered at Edinburgh, Premier Hughes of Australia said:

After nearly two years of war the end is not yet in sight, but yet there exist in our country some people to whom the war has taught very little. How does the war go today? Are we marching steadily and surely to the point when we shall wear the sceptre from the grasp of the military despotism which has for 40 years menaced the civilization of Europe and has forced our destruction?

I wish I could say that I thought that in a little while all would be well, that our arms would be speedily crowned with victory, but in face of the facts, as far as I know them, I cannot do so. I believe, however, as firmly as it is possible for a man to believe, that it is impossible that Germany should win this war. But unless we marshal all the resources of the empire, decisive victory will be out of the question. There can be, and must be, no half-measures at such a crisis as this. There are men who speak of peace, who urge that it is the bounden duty of the British people to make peace before Germany is defeated. In the words of one spokesman, it is said there is nothing that new decides England and Germany worthy of the sacrifice of a single human life. I confess that when I think of a man boasting of British blood in his veins who dare utter such a sentiment it fills me with anger and nausea.

Nothing, forsooth, dividing England and Germany worse— the sacrifice of a single human life? Why, everything divides us. The gulf between Heaven and Hell is wider than the gulf that stands between England and Germany. What a confession of decadent futility is laid bare in these words. Thank God, the British people have not eaten into the vitals of this nation, but there are some exorcismes which, assuming an importance they do not possess, make the world to think that such sentiments as these are representative of the public opinion of Britain today. No principle at stake. Is it nothing that Germany stands upon the very ruins of Belgium, amidst the smoking ruins of the great architectural monuments of the world? Is it nothing that she should roam the seas as a blood-thirsty pirate, sending innocent non-combatants to the bottom of the sea without warning?

Not only government, but civilization itself is at stake. Our national independence is at stake. Our economic welfare is at stake, everything is at stake—everything, spiritual, moral and material—which we as a people stand. The teachings of history, the lessons of experience, cannot move such men as those of whom I complain, and which have any appeal to patriotism, of which they are incapable, for patriotism is the inherent gift of virile and resolute men, not of effeminate degenerates. It is, in fact, the sickly and pallid reflection of their own temperament and nature. Thank God the number of such men is insignificant. The teachings of history, told plainly and that the world should know that such sentiments are contemptible to the minds of free people, and that we will never lay down our arms until German military despotism is crushed.

Are we to be told we are so decadent and powerless that we must make terms with Germany, that we are to clasp our brother German by the hand and call him "kamarade"? He who has approached us with the left hand of fellowship, all the while holding a stiletto behind his back to give opportunity? He whose fingers drip with blood of the innocents, befouled with every cruel and cowardly outrage? I hope to God the day will never come when we shall so forget our manhood. The conduct of Germany has driven even America to issue an ultimatum. Peace now means not only our national degradation, but our economic ruin, but we should be giving up everything and receiving nothing. There can be no peace until this hypocritical, treacherous and barbarous nation of Germany has been beaten to its knees. (Cheers.)

Beating Germany

An American neutral authority tells us that a "special correspondent" of the strongest London prejudices berated an American newspaperman in Berlin the other day that \$100 in American money would buy 528 marks in that city. The normal price of \$100 is a shade over 420 marks. Right in the Kaiser's capital, therefore, the Kaiser's money was at a discount of more than 20 per cent.—Winnipeg Tribune.

Tom—When you proposed to her I suppose she said, "This is so sad."

Dick—No; she was honest and said, "This suspense has been terrible."

Beaten Transcript.

General Local News of The Town and District

Readers Can Make This Column
More Interesting By Informing
The Editor of Events Occur-
ing Hereabouts

J. W. Allen returned home
on Tuesday, after making a
business trip to Calgary.

Sergt. Whiteside and Lieut.
Meers, of the 187th. Batt. were
here for a few days recruiting.

A. J. Deadmarsh and S. S.
Beebe motored from Calgary
the first part of the week.

J. R. Wilson, left on Tuesday
for a two months trip to points
in the States.

J. A. Clarke, of the News,
spent the week end in Calgary.

Several of the boys had a
"close shave" this week and
now their hats are rather big.

The dance last Friday was
well attended and all enjoyed
the splendid music provided by
the orchestra.

Several new houses are being
erected in town this month.

The ranchers in the Neutral
Hills are giving a Wild West
Show on the 4th of July.

Mr. Smith has returned from
his vacation to resume his duties
at the local bank.

P. Moth C. P. R. station agent
returned on Tuesday from the
coast.

MARRIED.—At Edmonton, C.
Beesley, to Miss L. Rickman,
both of Monitor.

The boys around town cele-
brated Charlie's wedding on
Tuesday night.

Mrs. Thos. Patterson of Ham-
ilton, Ont., is visiting her daugh-
ter, Mrs. W. S. McCulloch.

Her granddaughter, Ileen
Patterson accompanied her.

E. B. Killingbuk has sold the
S. 3 of Sec. 2-35-5.

S. Senko has sold the S.E. 1
of 25-35-3. and John Miller a
lot of 19-35-4.

G. Marshman sold a quarter
of 9-36-3.

On July 1st, Dominion Day,
arrangements are being made
to have a Sunday School Picnic
for all the children of Monitor.
A big time is expected. A suit-
able place will be chosen and
the children will be driven out
to it. There will be lots of fun
and games and plenty to eat.

Full Measure

*It is not the rule to find
paints put up full meas-
ure. Most of them are put
up in short measure—the
cans are small and not full.*

*But every can and pail of
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT
is always*

Full Measure

*It means that you get
what you pay for—full
measure—every time.*

*Honest paint—honest in
quality and quantity—
pays best. You're always
sure to get it in*

THE
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ASK FOR
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L. R. Beebe Hardware Co.

THE WORLD'S WAR.

PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED

From actual scenes taken from the
field of battle. The latest book pub-
lished on the present war, up to date.
A coupon worth 50c. given with every
book. At the conclusion of the war, a
second volume will be published.

Don't miss this as only a limited sup-
ply is available.

MARION SMITH, AGENT,
MONROE P. O.

HONOR ROLL OF MONITOR VOLUNTEERS

Names of those who enlisted
from this district:

Thomas Martin.
Harry S. Johnson.
Phillip Whitney.
J. Harvey.
D. S. King.
A. E. Walker.
W. A. Spencer.
S. Frazier.
Byland
Collier
George Cutts
Walter Purdy
Fred Herity
Walt Beatson
R. Clark
A. J. Connah
Alvin Shannon
R. J. Harrison
Jas. A. McCulloch
Carl Goodman
Jack McTavish
J. O. Beesley
Alex Smith
John Osborne
Claude (Pat) Stewart
Gilbert Ryckman
Wallace Willey
Ivan Fisher
J. Gillespie
Marion Smith
Jack Cross
Andy McNair
S. Robson
Bob Edwards
George Palmer
Bill Palmer
J. S. Nond
Archie Sinclair
A. Hennessey
F. H. Piper
Albert Deacon.
J. W. Moore
J. Crosswell
Jeff. W. Kay
N. R. Rogers
Jack Thachanko
Dave Connell
Ralph Connell
John Munson
Harold Duncann
Roy Anderson
Fred Deacon
Frank Deacon
L. C. Cunningham
Martin Plumb

If any names have been left
out please notify the News.

Further announcements re-
garding the picnic will be made
next Sunday, in the Sunday
School and from the pulpit at
the evening service.

IONE RIPPLES.

Miss Marion Hoophfer return-
ed to her home in Gadsby on
Tuesday, after spending a couple
of weeks visiting relatives here.

We are glad to see Mrs. H. T.
Sharlow about again after her
recent severe illness.

Mr. Jess Lay is in Wetaski-
win on business.

Mrs. Lynn Wilcox is visiting
her parents at Gadsby.

Miss Moneta M. Woodrow of
Wetaskiwin, is spending a few
weeks with her brothers.

Misses. Gail, Florence and
Leila Anderson are in Consort
this week writing their exami-
nations.

CANADIAN PACIFIC.

**Dominion Day
Excursions**
Fare and one third for round
trip.

Going dates.—June 29th, to
July 1st, incl.

Final return limit.—July 3rd.

Further information from any C.P.R.
Ticket agent or

R. DAWSON,
District Passenger Agent,
CALGARY.

The Monitor Cash Hardware

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,
Furniture, Farm machinery.

BEDS, SPRINGS,
and MATTRESSES.
Crockery

PAINTS, VARNISHES,
KALSOMINE.

BLACKSMITH COAL.

FULL LINE OF
Tudhope-Anderson &
Nova-Scotia Buggies
Massey-Harris
Machinery

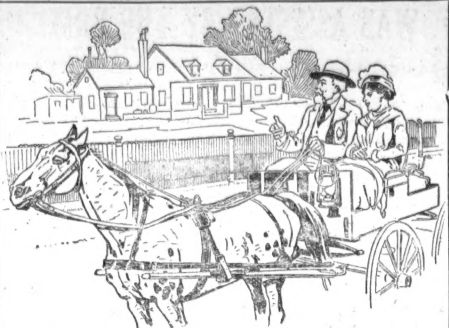
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Sawyer and Massey Co.
Engines & Threshing Machines
Wall paper, Tar paper and
Building paper.

Linoleum and Oilcloth
Plow shares for your Plows
Garden Seeds
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CASKETS & COFFINS
ALL SIZES.

Walk a Block and Save Money

W. H. Olson, Prop.
Agent for Govt. Telephone



A REALLY GOOD FENCE
gives a man more satisfac-
tion and comfort than anything
else of equal value around the
place.

Especially appreciated when one is going
away for the day—one likes to feel that the
fence is hog-tight and horse-high.

Whatever kind of fencing you may be think-
ing of getting for your place, for whatever
purpose you want it, you will find our store ready
to serve you.

We have a full range of sizes—for everything from
chickens to horses.

Let us figure up your requirements—and we will take
care to see that you get plenty of staples, too.

Shot Shells—REMINGTON-UMC, the
make with the Red Ball Mark on every box.
You know these famous shells—the "Arrow"
and "Nitro Club" (Smokeless) and "New Club"
(black powder). Every sportsman knows them
—many use nothing else. We make it a point to keep
them on hand all the time.

DON'T FORGET

Screen Doors \$2.15 and \$2.75.

Wire Cloth 20-25-35c. per yard.

All kinds of Paints from \$1.85 per gal. up.

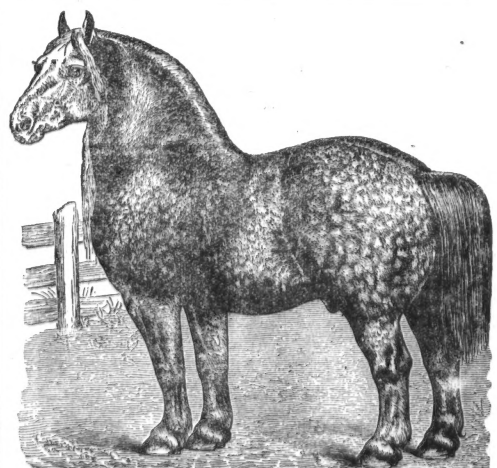
BLACKSMITH COAL \$1.50 PER BAG

BAR IRON.—ALL SIZES.

AUTO ACCESSORIES OF ALL KINDS

We do all kinds of Tin Work, Eave Troughs,
Smoke Stacks, Tanks, Repair Work,
etc., etc.

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